CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

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		SECRET-U.S. O	FFICIALS	ONLY			
COUNTRY	Pol	and		REPORT			
SUBJECT	1.	The Higher School of Foreign Information on the 1946 Grad	Service	DATE DISTR.	26 November	vember 1954	
	<i>د</i> ٠	information on the 1946 Grad	uates	NO. OF PAGES	3		
DATE OF INFO.				REQUIREMENT NO.	RD		
PLACE ACQUIRED				REFERENCES			25 X 1
	This	s is UNEVALUATED					
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		THE COURCE EVALUATIONS IN TH	IS DEBOOT ARE	RECINITIVE			

(FOR KEY SEE REVERSE)

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In 1945 the Polish Ministry of Foreign Affairs initiated a series of courses for diplomatic and consular officials. The first course was hastily organized and lasted only four months, but nine to ten months were allotted to the succeeding courses. There were no tuition fees, and students not living in Warsaw or needing accommodations received room and board free of charge.

THE APPRAISAL OF CONTENT IS TENTATIVE

- The first course was conducted in the building of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, but it is not attached to the Higher School of Foreign Service (Wyzsza Szkola Sluzby Zagranicznej) and is conducted in the buildings of this school at 7 Reja Street, Warsaw.
- 3. No entrance examinations were required for the first course. Candidates had only to be graduates of a secondary school and to be recommended by one of the political parties then in existence. Some candidates were even accepted solely on the basis of being the proteges of a high Party official or of his wife. The Communist Party is the only party which now recommends candidates to the course, but the value of patronage has remained constant.
- Classes were in session approximately seven hours daily. Subjects taught were history of diplomacy, political geography, economics, statistics, international law, Marxism-Leninism, maritime law, and history of the labor movement. Study of language was optional. Efforts were also made to acquaint the students with problems of service abroad, to give them some understanding of consular matte s, and to teach them manners appropriate for a diplomat.
- Out of the 150 students of the 1946 class, 73 completed the course, of whom 36 were accepted by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.
- In 1946 the administrative and teaching staff for the course consisted of a director, a deputy director, an administration officer, and approximately 12 instructors

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